



2.0

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET
Version No. 11-2018

Closed Cell Polyurethane Foam Insulation for Commercial and Residential Use

Polytite 2.0 is a two-component, medium density, one to one by volume spray applied polyurethane foam system. To spray Polytite 2.0 requires the use of an “A” component (ISO) and a blended “B” component (RESIN) which contains ZERO Ozone Depleting blowing agents, catalysts, polyols and fire retarding materials.

Recommended Uses:

**WALLS
ATTICS**

**UNVENTED ATTICS
VENTED ATTICS**

**CEILINGS
CRAWL SPACES**

**TANKS
COLD STORAGE**

Typical Polytite 2.0 Properties:

Properties as Specified	A SIDE	B SIDE
Specific Gravity @ 77°F	1.24	1.20
Viscosity (Brookfield cps) @ 77°F	200 ± 30	650 ± 200
Properties as Cured	Test Method	Value
Core density	D-1622	2.0 pcf
R-value @ 1"	C-518	6.7
Compressive Strength	C-1621	25 psi
Tensile strength	D-1623	35 psi
Shear Strength	C-273	45 psi
Closed Cell Content	D-1940	93%
Dimensional Stability	D-2126	<0.03%
Water Vapor Transmission	C-355	1.5 perm
Water Absorption	D-2842	0.019
Flammability (Class 1)		< 25 Flame Spread < 450 Smoke Development



Processing Parameters:

Liquid drum temperatures should be between 60° to 75°F in a dry and well-ventilated area. Conditioned trailers or tanks may be necessary. The material temperature should be confirmed with a thermometer or an infrared gun.

Processing Equipment

2:1 transfer pumps are recommended for material transfer from container to the proportioner. The plural component proportioner must be capable of supplying each component within ± 2% of the desired 1:1 mixing ratio by volume.

Hose heaters should be set to deliver 110°F to 130°F materials to the spray gun. These settings will ensure thorough mixing in the spray gun mix chamber in typical applications. Optimum hose pressure and temperature will vary with equipment type and condition, ambient and substrate conditions, and the specific application. Some equipment may require you to warm containers to achieve optimum material temperature. It is the responsibility of the applicator to properly interpret equipment technical literature, particularly information that relates to acceptable combinations of gun chamber size, proportioner output, and material pressures. The relationship between proper chamber size and the capacity of the proportioner's pre-heater is critical.

To ensure optimum performance, a minimum pass of ½" to 3" pass. All substrates must be dry at the time of application.

Equipment Settings:

Chemical Drum Temp.	60°F to 75°F
Pre-Heat: ISO (A)	110°F to 130°F
Pre-Heat: Resin (B)	110°F to 130°F
Hose Heat:	110°F to 130°F
Spray Pressure	1000 to 1400 psi (dynamic)

Shelf Life and Storage:

Polytite 2.0 has a shelf life of approximately 12 months from the date of manufacture when stored in original, unopened containers at 50-80°F. As with all industrial chemicals, this material should be stored in a covered, secure location and never in direct sunlight. Storage temperatures above the recommended range will shorten shelf life.

Health and Safety Information:

Appropriate literature has been assembled which provides information concerning the health and safety precautions that must be observed when handling Polytite 2.0 foam forming system. Before working with this product, you must read and become familiar with the available information on its risks, proper use and handling. This cannot be overemphasized. Information is available in several forms, e.g., Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

In addition to reading and understanding the SDS, all contractors and applicators must use appropriate respiratory, skin and eye Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) when handling and processing polyurethane chemical systems.

Personnel should review the following document published by Spray Polyurethane Foam Alliance (SPFA®):

Health and Safety Information, (Cont.)

AX-171 Course 101-R Chapter 1: Health, Safety and Environmental Aspects of Spray Polyurethane Foam and Coverings and the following document is available from the Center for the Polyurethanes Industries (CPI): Model Respiratory Protection Program for Compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Respiratory Protection Program Standard 29 C.F.R. §1910.134

As with all SPF systems, improper application techniques should be avoided. Examples of improper application techniques include but are not limited to the excessive thickness of SPF, off-ratio material and spraying into or under rising SPF.

Potential results of improperly installed SPF include dangerously high reaction temperatures that may result in fire and offensive odors that may or may not dissipate. Improperly installed SPF must be removed and replaced with properly installed materials.

Large masses of SPF should be removed to an outside safe area, cut into smaller pieces and allowed to cool before discarding into any trash receptacle.

SPF insulation is combustible. High-intensity heat sources such as welding or cutting torches must not be used in contact with or near Polytite 2.0 or any polyurethane foam.

Cautions and Recommendations:

Polytite 2.0 is designed for an application rate of 1 inch minimum to 3 inches' maximum per pass. Once installed material has cooled it is possible to add additional applications to increase the overall installed thickness of SPF. This application procedure complies with the Spray Polyurethane Foam Alliance (SPFA®). Polytite 2.0 is not designed for use as an exterior roofing system.

Polytite 2.0 is designed for installation in most standard construction configurations using common materials such as wood and wood products, metal and concrete.

Foam plastic materials installed in walls or ceilings may present a fire hazard unless protected by an approved, fire-resistant thermal barrier with a finish rating of not less than 15 minutes as required by building codes. Rim joists/header areas, in accordance with the IRC® and IBC®, may not require additional protection. Foam plastic must also be protected against ignition by code-approved materials in attics and crawl spaces. See relevant Building Codes for more information.

Handling Information:

Applicators should ensure the safety of the job-site and construction personnel by posting appropriate signs warning that all "hot work" such as welding, soldering, and cutting with torches should not take place until a thermal barrier or approved equivalent is installed over any exposed polyurethane foam.

Vapor Retarder:

When installed at a minimum of 1-inch Polytite 2.0 is considered a vapor retarder. Consult with local code officials for specific requirements. Climate zone tables are available in current IBC and IRC publications.

DISCLAIMER: Please read all information in the general guidelines, technical data sheets, application guide and safety data sheets (SDS) before applying material. Published technical data and instructions are subject to change without notice. Contact your local Universal Polymers representative or visit our website for current technical data and instructions.

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